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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/796,206	03/10/2004	Ju-Yeon Lee	0465-1159P	2419
2292	7590 06/17/2005	•	EXAMINER	
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			ZEC, FILIP	
	JRCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			3744	
			DATE MAILED: 06/17/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<i>SVA</i>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summany	10/796,206	LEE, JU-YEON	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	<u>-</u> -
	Filip Zec	3744	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reg - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a rep ply within the statutory minimum of thirty d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI te, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status			
1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 in 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ The 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matte		s is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers		•	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on 10 March 2004 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination.	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje e drawing(s) be held in abeyanc ction is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. △ Certified copies of the priority documer 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documer 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Ap ority documents have been re au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	·		
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/	mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-17 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,623,828 to Harrington, in view of U.S. Patent 6,370,882 to Adamski et al. and U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0156509 to Cheung. Harrington discloses applicant's basic inventive concept, a wearable cooler (FIG. 1), comprising a thermoelectric module (40, FIG. 2), at least one first heat sink (33, FIG. 2) provided at a side of the thermoelectric module, a second heat sink (34, FIG. 2) provided at an opposite side of the first heat sink on the basis of the thermoelectric module, at least one first fan (32, FIG. 2), an external case (12) surrounding the first heat sink and the first fan, and having at least one air inlet (16) and at least one air outlet (14), wherein the air inlet is corresponded to the first fan (see FIG. 2), wherein the air outlet is provided in all directions at the external case (col 3, lines 46-47), wherein the first fan comprises an axial flow fan (see FIG. 2, blade 32), wherein the air outlet is adjustable to change the direction according to a user need (col 3, lines 46-47), wherein the second heat sink comprises a contact guard (22 and 23, FIG. 2) and wherein the second heat sink further comprises a projection part (19) on a surface being in contact with the contact guard for maintaining a predetermined distance from the contact guard, substantially as claimed with the exception of

Art Unit: 3744

stating that the thermoelectric module is provided on clothes for absorbing and discharging heat according to an electric current, that said first fan is provided at an opposite side of the thermoelectric module on the basis of the first heat sink for blowing air to the first heat sink, at least one second fan provided at an opposite side of the thermoelectric module for blowing air to the second heat sink on the basis of the second heat sink, wherein the first heat sink is provided at an outside of the clothes, wherein each of the first fan and the second fan comprises an axial flow fan, wherein the second heat sink comprises a space at a skin side opposite to a side of the thermoelectric module, for containing the second fan, wherein the second fan comprises a centrifugal fan, said guards having an opening being corresponded to the second fan at an opposite side of the thermoelectric module and wherein the second heat sink and the external case are provided on a rear side of the clothes and further comprising an electric current controller for supplying power to the thermoelectric module and controlling the electric current. Cheung shows a thermoelectric module (11, FIG. 2), provided on clothes ([0003], lines 4-8) for absorbing and discharging heat according to an electric current, wherein the first heat sink is provided at an outside of the clothes (see FIG. 2) and further comprising an electric current controller (43, FIG. 3) to be old in the garment refrigeration art. Adamski shows a first fan (62a and 62b, FIG. 7), provided at an opposite side of the thermoelectric module on the basis of the first heat sink for blowing air to the first heat sink (top of 26a and 26b), at least one second fan (50, FIG. 8) provided at an opposite side of the thermoelectric module for blowing air to the second heat sink on the basis of the second heat sink (bottom of 26a and 26b), wherein the second heat sink comprises a space (28a, FIG. 2) at a skin side opposite to a side of the thermoelectric module, for containing the second fan, wherein the second fan comprises a

Art Unit: 3744

centrifugal fan (see FIG. 8), said guards having an opening (52, FIG. 2) being corresponded to the second fan at an opposite side of the thermoelectric module. Also, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use the axial fan for both the first and the second fan, since Harrington already is using the axial fan as the first fan, in order to reduce the cost of the system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made from the teaching of Cheung and Adamski to modify the system of Harrington, by adding a second fan in order to provide a better air flow across the heat sinks of the thermoelectric module (Adamski: col 3, lines 64-67; col 4, lines 1-36, specifically lines 17-22) and having the system as a part of a garment in order to have the thermoelectric module closer to user's skin and spread the heat exchange evenly over a larger area ([0028], lines 4-8), using the electric current controller.

3. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 5,623,828 to Harrington, in view of U.S. Patent 6,370,882 to Adamski et al. and U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0156509 to Cheung, as applied to claim 9 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent 6,516,624 to Ichigaya. Harrington in view of Adamski and Cheung discloses applicant's basic inventive concept, a wearable cooler, comprising a thermoelectric module, provided at a skin side on a basis of the second heat sink and the second fan (see FIG. 2, Cheung), substantially as claimed with the exception of stating that at least a portion thereof through which air passes by the second fan comprises gauze. Ichigaya shows the use of gauze (col 14, lines 26-33) to be old in the garment refrigeration art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made from the teaching of Ichigaya to modify the system of Harrington in view of Cheung and Adamski, by

Application/Control Number: 10/796,206

Art Unit: 3744

Page 5

having the gauze in between the skin and the cooling system in order to prevent the wetting of the skin, from condensation of the second heat sink (col 14, lines 25-26).

Conclusion

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- U.S. Patent 6,715,298 to Guo, Chen et al. teaches an indirect thermoelectric cooling device.
 - U.S. Patent 4,640,284 to Ruderian, Max J. teaches hot and cold direct contact applicator.
 - U.S. Patent 4,782,664 to Sterna, Jaroslaw et al. teaches a thermoelectric heat exchanger.
 - U.S. Patent 4,470,263 to Lehovec, Kurt et al. teaches a Peltier-cooled garment.

Art Unit: 3744

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Filip Zec whose telephone number is (571) 272-4815. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cheryl Tyler can be reached on 571-272-4834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Filip Zec

Examiner SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Art Unit 3744